



CONOZCA SUS DERECHOS

Sin importar quién es presidente, todos que viven en los Estados Unidos tienen ciertos derechos básicos bajo la constitución estadounidense. Los inmigrantes indocumentados también tienen estos derechos. Es importante que todos hagamos valer y que protejamos nuestros derechos básicos. Si usted se encuentra oficiales de Inmigración y Control de Aduanas (ICE por su sigla en inglés) en la casa, calle, o en algún otro lugar, recuerde que tiene los derechos descritos en este documento. Este documento también provee sugerencias de cómo hacer valer sus derechos.

✓ **Si le para un oficial de inmigración, usted tiene el derecho de permanecer callado. Usted puede rechazar hablar con oficiales de inmigración o agentes de ICE.***

● **1ª Defensa: El silencio es oro.**

- Lleve/muestra una tarjeta “roja”. No conteste ninguna pregunta. Puede proporcionar la tarjeta roja y decir: “Yo quiero permanecer callado. Necesito hablar con mi abogado.” La tarjeta explica que permanecerá en silencio y que desea hablar primero con abogado.
- Usted tiene el derecho de consultar a un abogado. Su abogado puede estar presente con usted si ICE u otro oficial legal le hace preguntas.
- Antes de firmar cualquier cosa, hable con abogado. Los agentes de ICE pueden intentar que usted firme documentos donde renuncia a su derecho de consultar a un abogado o de presentar su caso ante un juez de inmigración. Asegúrese de entender exactamente lo que dice cualquier documento *e también* idealmente espere hablar con su abogado *antes* de firmar cualquier cosa.



*Nota: Si es detenido en California o Nevada, debe proporcionar a los oficiales de policía, si lo solicitan: su nombre (y como deletrearlo), la fecha de nacimiento, y la dirección de residencia – puede decirlo o mostrar su licencia de manejar o Real ID. *Si no muestra su identificación, se le puede llevar a una estación de policía para tomar sus huellas digitales.*

● **2ª Defensa: si cree que está a punto de ser detenido →**

- Considere compartir información básica sobre su historial de inmigración. Tenga con usted la carta de ICWC de “no me detengan”, papeles de USCIS, y prueba de que no es candidato para deportación expedita: (1) 2 años de presencia continua, (2) formulario de ORR o (3) prueba de entrada legal a Estados Unidos.
- Déjelo saber al oficial de ICE si tiene hijos. Si usted es padre, madre, o la persona principal responsable del cuidado de un ciudadano estadounidense o residente permanente quien es menor de 18 años, ICE puede ejercer discreción y no arrestarlo.
- No mienta ni dé información falsa. Para oficiales de inmigración y *la policía*: No dé información sobre dónde nació o cómo entró el país y no reclame ser ciudadano de los Estados Unidos.

¡CONOZCA SUS DERECHOS!

Si lo detiene un oficial de Inmigración:

- ✓ (1) Entregue la tarjeta roja, y permanezca callado. La tarjeta explica que usted está ejerciendo su derecho a reusarse a contestar preguntas hasta que pueda consultar con un abogado.
- ✓ (2) Entregue su carta de ICWC con las pruebas recomendadas. La carta de cliente de ICWC explica el progreso de su(s) aplicación(es) actuales de inmigración.

● **3ª defensa: Expresar miedo de regresar**

- Si es detenido y *también* cree que corre el riesgo de ser deportado de inmediato y *también* teme regresar a su país de origen: explíquelo EN VOZ ALTA a los oficiales de inmigración y solicite una entrevista de miedo creíble.

Los Angeles

634 S. Spring St. Ste 727
Los Angeles, CA 90014
Tel: 213.614.1165
Fax: 213.624.1163

San Francisco Mid-Market

1254 Market St. 3rd Floor
San Francisco, CA 94102
Tel: 415.861.1449
Fax: 415.861.1681

San Diego

600 B Street, Suite 2040
San Diego, CA 92101
Tel: 619.515.2200
Fax: 619.515.2211

Las Vegas

732 S. 6th St. Ste. 101
Las Vegas, NV 89101
Tel: 702.430.7981
Fax: 702.617.9887

San Francisco Downtown

381 Bush St. Ste. 800
San Francisco, CA 94104
Tel: 415.728.0420
Fax: 415.861.1681

✓ **No abra la puerta.**

- Para poder entrar en su hogar, ICE debe tener una orden “judicial” firmada por un juez -- no abra la puerta sin esa.
 - ¿Qué es una orden “judicial”? (1) Firmada por un juez, NO por un oficial de inmigración (2) Emitida en los últimos 10 días (3) Incluye su dirección -o- el nombre correcto de alguien en su domicilio.
 - ICE rara vez tiene una orden válida y frecuentemente miente sobre tener una.
 - Si ICE afirma que tiene una orden, pídale que la sostenga contra una ventana o la deslicen por debajo de la puerta para que pueda verla.
 - VEA EJEMPLOS de ordenes válidas e inválidas en la última página.
- Usted puede hablar con un agente de ICE mientras la puerta sigue siendo cerrada. Por abrir la puerta, se le hace mucho más difícil negar responder a sus preguntas. Si por error usted permite a un oficial de ICE entrar a su casa, usted todavía puede revocar su consentimiento previo y pedir que se vaya.

✓ **Siempre lleve con usted sus documentos válidos de inmigración.**

- Como cliente de ICWC usted tiene alguno(s) de los siguientes documentos: la carta de representación de ICWC, los recibos de USCIS (Inmigración), notificación de prima facie, alguna notificación de aprobación de USCIS, notificación de acción diferida (de la visa U o SIJS o DACA), la hoja de verificación de la Oficina de Reasentamiento de Refugiados, un permiso de trabajo válido, o una tarjeta de residencia permanente (la tarjeta verde o “green card”). Asegúrese de traer estos documentos con usted por si necesita enseñarlos como “segunda defensa”. Recomendamos que haga copias de estos documentos. No es necesario cargar todos los documentos listados arriba. Cargue los documentos más recientes con usted, juntos con la carta de representación de ICWC.
- Idealmente: no lleve ni documentos ni identificación de otro país con usted, como una matrícula, acta de nacimiento o pasaporte (a menos de que usted entró el país legalmente). Inmigración podría usar un documento de su país en su contra, para acelerar la detención o deportación de usted.
- No cargue documentos o identificación falsos.

✓ **Ciertos delitos – incluso solo un arresto por un delito, podrían acelerar la deportación.**

- Es importante que obedezca todas las leyes de los Estados Unidos. Si usted es arrestado, inmigración le podría deportar.
- Evita, en la medida de lo posible, ser acusado de cometer un delito, incluso los menores. La Ley Laken Riley, firmada como ley en enero de 2025, prioriza la detención y deportación por ciertos delitos, incluyendo aun robos menores y hurto en tiendas.

✓ **ICE ya está permitido entrar a las cortes y otros “localidades sensibles”.**

- Tome en cuenta que ICE *puede* arrestar a inmigrantes en cortes locales, estatales o federales.
- Si su presencia no es requerida en la corte – considere aparecer por distancia (virtual) o mande alguien por su parte.
- NO falta asistir cualquier audiencia en la cual es requerida su presencia, a menos que primeramente consultó con un abogado. Faltar una audiencia de la corte de inmigración puede haber consecuencia del juez ordenar su deportación.

✓ **ICE y otros agentes de la ley pueden pensar que pueden violar sus derechos sin consecuencias.**

- A veces, ICE miente para que la gente se abra la puerta o firme documentos renunciando a sus derechos. Si ICE lo detiene o si tiene miedo hagan redadas en su área, esto es lo que usted puede hacer:

✓ **Cree un plan de seguridad.**

- Haga un Plan para sí Mismo
 - Memorícese los números de teléfono de un amigo o pariente a quien puede llamar si este arrestado.
 - Asegúrese que su amigo o pariente sabe:
 - Su información importante –
 - Mantenga documentos importantes como actas de nacimiento y documentos de inmigración en un lugar seguro.
 - De su número de registro de extranjero (“número A”) escrito, si usted tiene uno.
 - Si usted tiene un caso pendiente en la corte de inmigración, puede obtener información sobre el estado de su caso o por llamar al número de la Oficina Ejecutiva de Revisión de Inmigración (EOIR) al 240-314-1500 o 1-800-898-7180 (gratis) las 24 horas al día, los 7 días a la semana o buscarlo en el internet: <https://acis.eoir.justice.gov/es/>.
- El número de teléfono de ICWC (y si tiene aparte un abogado de defensa de deportación, su número).
- **Su Red de Respuesta Rápida local** – grupos de pro bono (gratuitos) abogados de inmigración quienes pueden aparecer para ayudar a uno detenido por ICE, a menudo 24/7:
 - Los Angeles - **888-624-4752**, San Francisco - **415-200-1548**, San Diego - **(619) 536-0823**.
 - Todos los otros activos – basados en California, enlistados por condado aquí: <https://www.ccijustice.org/es/find-your-local-rr-hotline>
 - Línea Nacional de Detención por Inmigración - **1-209-757-3733**
 - Adentro de detención Marque **9233#** - gratis y no monitoreado, lunes-viernes 8am a 8pm Pacífico / 11am to 11pm Este.
 - Cómo localizarlo si usted es detenido por ICE.
 - Para adultos en custodia de inmigración, usa el buscador de ICE que está en la página de internet <https://locator.ice.gov/odls/homePage.do> o llama a la oficina local de ICE - los números de teléfono aquí: <https://www.ice.gov/contact/ero>.
- Haga un Plan para sus Hijos & Familia
 - Si está preocupado por ser removido de los Estados Unidos y quiere hacer planes para su familia e hijos, favor de consultar un Plan de Emergencia y Preparación Familiar: vea el plan de ICWC en nuestro sitio online: <https://www.icwclaw.org/s/Preparedness-for-Family-Emergency-Spanish-2024.pdf>
 - Si usted cuida a niños u otras personas, haga un plan para que alguien se encargue si usted es detenido.

✓ **Reporte y documente redadas y arrestos que observa.**

- Si es posible y seguro para usted, tome fotos y videos de la redada o el arresto. También tome notas de lo que sucedió.
- Llame a su Red de Respuesta Rápida local (o si no hay ninguna localmente, la línea nacional) para reportar una redada. Vea los recursos arriba.



✓ **Conozca más sobre sus derechos – gracias a nuestros socios que ayudaron a informar esta guía.**

- Lea información de NILC sobre cómo prepararse para una redada— en español <https://www.nilc.org/resources/todos-tienen-derechos-basicos/>.
- Lea los recursos y libretas creados por el American Friends Service Committee y Casa de Maryland: <https://afsc.org/sites/default/files/documents/2017KnowYourRights-Spanish.pdf>.
- Lea información creada por el Centro de Recursos Legales para Inmigrantes: www.ilrc.org.

Ejemplos de órdenes de arresto: ICE solo puede entrar a su hogar con orden **judicial** (no de ICE/Immigration).

JUDICIAL WARRANTS v. IMMIGRATION WARRANTS

AD-93 (Rev. 12/09) Search and Seizure Warrant

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
for the Eastern District of California

In the Matter of the Search of _____
(Briefly describe the property to be searched or identify the person by name and address)

Case No. _____
Davis, California 95616

SEARCH AND SEIZURE WARRANT

To: Any authorized law enforcement officer **211-SW-0161EFB**

An application by a federal law enforcement officer or an attorney for the government requests the search of the following person or property located in the EASTERN District of CALIFORNIA.
(Identify the person or describe the property to be searched and give its location).
SEE ATTACHMENT A ATTACHED HERETO AND INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The person or property to be searched, described above, is believed to conceal (Identify the person or describe the property to be searched).
SEE ATTACHMENT B, ATTACHED HERETO AND INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

I find that the affidavit(s), or any recorded testimony, establish probable cause to search and seize the person or property.

YOU ARE COMMANDED to execute this warrant on or before 5-9-2011
(Date to execute (14 days))

in the daytime 6:00 a.m. to 10 p.m. at any time in the day or night as I find reasonable cause has been established.

Unless delayed notice is authorized below, you must give a copy of the warrant and a receipt for the property taken to the person from whom, or from whose premises, the property was taken, or leave the copy and receipt at the place where the property was taken.

The officer executing this warrant, or an officer present during the execution of the warrant, must prepare an inventory as required by law and promptly return this warrant and inventory to United States Magistrate Judge _____ (Name)

I find that immediate notification may have an adverse result listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2705 (except for delay of trial), and authorize the officer executing this warrant to delay notice to the person who, or whose property, will be searched or seized (check the appropriate box) for _____ days (not to exceed 30).
Until, the facts justifying the later specific date of _____

Date and time issued: 5-25-2011
09:10:00 AM

City and state: SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA EDMUND F. BRENNAN, U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE
(Printed name and title)

Is this the right address?

Is it still current?

Note: only the person, property, & areas specified may be searched

Is it actually signed by a judge?

IF THE ANSWER TO ALL OF THESE IS YES, THEN IT IS LIKELY A VALID JUDICIAL WARRANT.

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY
U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement
WARRANT OF REMOVAL/DEPORTATION

File No: _____
Date: _____

To any immigration officer of the United States Department of Homeland Security:

(Full name of alien) _____
who entered the United States at _____ (Place of entry) on _____ (Date of entry)

subject to removal/deportation from the United States based upon a final order by:

an immigration judge in exclusion, deportation, or removal proceedings
 a designated official
 the Board of Immigration Appeals
 a United States District or Magistrate Court Judge

and pursuant to the following provisions of the Immigration and Nationality Act:

I, the undersigned officer of the United States, by virtue of the power and authority vested in the Secretary of Homeland Security under the laws of the United States and by law or her direction, command you to take into custody and remove from the United States the above-named alien, pursuant to law, at the expense of:

(Signature of immigration officer) _____
(Title of immigration officer) _____

THESE ARE VISUAL CUES THAT THIS IS AN IMMIGRATION WARRANT



Credit: National Immigration Law Center

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Warrant for Arrest of Alien

File No. _____
Date: _____

To: Any immigration officer authorized pursuant to sections 236 and 237 of the Immigration and Nationality Act and part 237 of title 8, Code of Federal Regulations, to serve warrants of arrest for immigration violations

I have determined that there is probable cause to believe that _____ is removable from the United States. This determination is based upon:

the execution of a charging document to initiate removal proceedings against the subject;

the pendency of ongoing removal proceedings against the subject;

the failure to establish admissibility subsequent to deferred inspection;

biometric confirmation of the subject's identity and a records check of federal databases that affirmatively indicate, by themselves, information, that the subject either lacks immigration status or is removable under U.S. immigration law; and/or

statements made voluntarily by the subject to a reliable evidence that affirmatively indicate the subject's status is removable under U.S. immigration law.

YOU ARE COMMANDED to arrest and take into custody the above-named alien.

(Signature of Authorized Immigration Officer) _____
(Printed Name and Title of Authorized Immigration Officer) _____

ICE Administrative Arrest Warrant

Certificate of Service **Not signed by a judge**

I hereby certify that the Warrant for Arrest of Alien was served by me at _____ (Location)

on _____ (Name of Alien) on _____ (Date of Service) and the contents of this notice were read to him or her in the _____ (Language) language.

Name and Signature of Officer _____ Name or Number of Interpreter (if applicable) _____

Form 538 (Rev. 08/10)

AD-93 (Rev. 12/09) Search and Seizure Warrant

This is a judicial search warrant. IT DOES authorize agents to enter your home.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT - Issued by a COURT.

For the Eastern District of California

In the Matter of the Search of _____
(Briefly describe the property to be searched or identify the person by name and address)

540 Oak Avenue
Davis, California 95616

SEARCH AND SEIZURE WARRANT

To: Any authorized law enforcement officer **211-SW-0161EFB**

An application by a federal law enforcement officer or an attorney for the government requests the search of the following person or property located in the EASTERN District of CALIFORNIA.
(Identify the person or describe the property to be searched and give its location).
SEE ATTACHMENT A ATTACHED HERETO AND INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Read attachments to make sure they are regarding YOU and YOUR address, not someone else's.
The person or property to be searched, described above, is believed to conceal (Identify the person or describe the property to be searched).
SEE ATTACHMENT B ATTACHED HERETO AND INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

I find that the affidavit(s), or any recorded testimony, establish probable cause to search and seize the person or property.

YOU ARE COMMANDED to execute this warrant on or before 5-9-2011
(Date to execute (14 days))

in the daytime 6:00 a.m. to 10 p.m. at any time in the day or night as I find reasonable cause has been established.

Unless delayed notice is authorized below, you must give a copy of the warrant and a receipt for the property taken to the person from whom, or from whose premises, the property was taken, or leave the copy and receipt at the place where the property was taken.

The officer executing this warrant, or an officer present during the execution of the warrant, must prepare an inventory as required by law and promptly return this warrant and inventory to United States Magistrate Judge _____ (Name)

I find that immediate notification may have an adverse result listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2705 (except for delay of trial), and authorize the officer executing this warrant to delay notice to the person who, or whose property, will be searched or seized (check the appropriate box) for _____ days (not to exceed 30).
Until, the facts justifying the later specific date of _____

Date and time issued: 5-25-2011
09:10:00 AM

City and state: SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA EDMUND F. BRENNAN, U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE
(Printed name and title)

Signed by a judge

Source: National Immigration Law Center <http://nilc.org/NIIC/Pubs/11407510460113014075210>



KNOW YOUR RIGHTS

No matter who is president, everyone living in the U.S. has certain basic rights under the U.S.

Constitution. Undocumented immigrants have these rights, too. It is important that we all assert and protect our basic rights. If you encounter Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) or other law enforcement officers at home, on the street, or anywhere else, remember that you have the rights described in this factsheet. The factsheet also provides suggestions for what you should do to assert your rights.

✓ **If an immigration officer stops you, you have the right to remain silent. You may refuse to speak to immigration officers or ICE agents. ***

• **1st defense: Silence is golden.**

- Carry/show a know-your-rights “red” card. Don’t answer any questions. You may provide the red card and say: “I want to remain silent. I need to speak to my attorney.” The card explains that you will remain silent and that you wish to first speak with an attorney.
- You have the right to speak to a lawyer. You may have your lawyer with you if ICE or other law enforcement questions you.
- Before you sign anything, talk to a lawyer. ICE may try to get you to sign away your right to consult with a lawyer or present your case before an immigration judge. Be sure you understand what a document says *and* ideally wait to speak to your attorney *before* you sign anything.



*Note: If detained in California or Nevada you must provide to police officers if they ask: your name (its spelling), birth date, and address of residence – tell them or show your Driver’s License or Real ID. *If you do not show your ID, you may be taken to a police station and fingerprinted.*

• **2nd defense: if you believe you are about to be detained →**

- Consider sharing the basics about your immigration history. Carry/show your ICWC “do not detain me” client letter, USCIS notices, and proof that you’re not a candidate for expedited removal: (1) 2 years of continuous presence, (2) ORR form or (3) proof of lawful entry to U.S.
- Let the officer know if you have children. If you are the parent or primary caregiver of a U.S. citizen or lawful permanent resident who is under age 18, ICE *may* “exercise discretion” and let you go.
- Do not lie or give false information. For immigration *and* police officers: Don’t say anything about where you were born or how you entered the U.S. and do not claim to be a U.S. Citizen.

KNOW YOUR RIGHTS!

If you are stopped by Immigration:

- ✓ (1) Provide the red card and remain silent. The card explains that you are exercising your right to refuse to answer any questions until you have talked with a lawyer.
- ✓ (2) Provide your ICWC-client letter with recommended evidence. The ICWC client letter addresses the progress of your current immigration application(s).

• **3rd defense: if you are detained → Express fear of return**

- If you are detained *and* believe you are at risk of immediate removal *and* are afraid to return to your country of origin: **LOUDLY** explain this to immigration officers and request a fear interview.

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Los Angeles, CA 90014
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Fax: 702.617.9887

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381 Bush St. Ste. 800
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Tel: 415.728.0420
Fax: 415.861.1681

✓ **Do not open your door.**

- To be allowed to enter your home, ICE must have a valid “judicial” warrant – don’t let them in without one.
 - What is a valid “judicial” warrant? (1) Signed by a judge – NOT an immigration officer (2) within 10 days (3) listing your address -or- correct name of a person at your address.
 - ICE rarely has a valid warrant and often lies about having one.
 - If ICE claims they have a warrant, ask them to hold it against a window or slide it under the door for you to see.
 - SEE EXAMPLES of valid and invalid warrants on the last page.
- You can talk with an ICE agent while your door remains closed. Once you open the door, it is much harder to refuse to answer questions. If you mistakenly allow an ICE agent to enter their home, you can still revoke the previous consent and ask them to leave.

✓ **Always carry your valid immigration documents with you.**

- As an ICWC client you may have the following documents: ICWC client letter, USCIS Receipt Notices, Prima Facie Notice, any USCIS Approval notice, USCIS Deferred Action Notice (from U Visa or SIJS or DACA), Office of Refugee and Resettlement (ORR) verification printout, a valid work permit, or green card. Be sure to have these with you in case you need to show them as a “second defense”. We encourage you to make copies of these documents. You do not need to carry all of them. Carry the most recent of these documents, along with the ICWC letter.
- Ideally: do not carry papers or identification from another country with you, such as a foreign identification card, birth certificate or passport (unless you entered the U.S. lawfully). The document from your country could be used by Immigration against you, to more quickly detain or deport you.
- Do not carry fake identification or documents.

✓ **Certain crimes – even just an arrest for a crime, could speed up deportation.**

- It is important to follow all U.S. laws. If you are arrested, Immigration may initiate removal proceedings against you.
- Avoid as much as feasible, getting accused of committing a crime – even minor ones. The Laken Riley Act signed into law in January 2025, prioritizes detention and deportation for certain offenses, including even minor theft and shoplifting.

✓ **Immigration enforcement officers are now allowed at courts and other “sensitive locations”.**

- Be aware that ICE *may* arrest immigrants at local, state or federal courts.
- If your presence is not required at court – consider appearing remotely or send someone on your behalf.
- Do NOT miss the hearing you’re required to attend, unless you’ve first consulted with an attorney. Missing an immigration court date can result in the judge ordering your deportation.

✓ **ICE and other law enforcement officers may think they can get away with violating your rights.**

- Sometimes ICE officers lie to people to get them to open their doors or sign away their rights. If ICE detains you or you are concerned that they will conduct raids in your area, this is what you can do:

✓ **Create a safety plan.**

- Plan for Yourself
 - Memorize the phone numbers of a friend or family member you can call if you are arrested.
 - Ensure your friend or family member knows:
 - Your important information –
 - Keep important documents such as birth certificates and immigration documents accessible in a safe place.
 - Give them your *alien registration number* (“A number”) written down, if you have one.
 - If you have a pending case in immigration court, you can get information on your case’s status by either calling the Executive Office for Immigration Review (EOIR) hotline number at 240-314-1500 or 1-800-898-7180 (toll-free) 24 hours a day, 7 days a week or going online: <https://acis.eoir.justice.gov/en/>.
 - ICWC’s phone number (and if you have a separate deportation defense attorney, their number).
 - **Your local Rapid Response Network** – groups of pro bono (free) immigration attorneys who can show up to help someone detained by ICE, often 24/7:
 - Los Angeles - **888-624-4752**, San Francisco - **415-200-1548**, San Diego - **(619) 536-0823**.
 - All other active - California-based groups, listed by county-here: <https://www.ccijustice.org/find-your-local-rr-hotline>
 - National Immigration Detention Hotline - **1-209-757-3733**
 - From inside detention Dial **9233#** - free and unmonitored, M-F 8am to 8pm Pacific / 11am to 11pm Eastern.
 - How to find you if you are detained by ICE –
 - For adults in immigration custody use ICE’s online detainee locator <https://locator.ice.gov/odls/homePage.do> or call the local ICE office - phone numbers here: <https://www.ice.gov/contact/ero>.
 - Plan for Your Children & Family
 - If you take care of children or other people, make a plan to have them taken care of if you are detained.
 - If you are concerned about getting removed from the U.S. and wish to make plans for your family and children, please consult a Family Emergency Preparedness Plan: see ICWC’s website/plan here: <https://www.icwclaw.org/s/Preparedness-for-Family-Emergency-English-2024.pdf>

✓ **Report and document raids and arrests you observe.**

- If it is possible and safe for you to do so, take photos and videos of the raid or arrest. Also take notes on what happened.
- Call your local Rapid Response Network (or if you have no local network, a national hotline) to report a raid. See above resources.



✓ **Learn more about your rights – thanks to our partners who helped inform this KYR guide.**

- Read NILC’s tips on how to prepare for a raid—in [English- https://www.nilc.org/resources/everyone-has-certain-basic-rights/](https://www.nilc.org/resources/everyone-has-certain-basic-rights/).
- Read resources and booklets by the American Friends Service Committee and Casa de Maryland: <https://afsc.org/sites/default/files/documents/2017KnowYourRights-English.pdf>
- Read resources by the Immigrant Legal Resource Center: www.ilrc.org.

Sample Warrants: ICE can **only** enter your home with a **Judicial** (not ICE/Immigration) warrant.

JUDICIAL WARRANTS v. IMMIGRATION WARRANTS

AO 93 (Rev. 12/09) Search and Seizure Warrant

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
for the Eastern District of California

In the Matter of the Search of _____
(Briefly describe the property to be searched or identify the person by name and address)

Davis, California 95616

Case No. _____

SEARCH AND SEIZURE WARRANT

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An application by a federal law enforcement officer or an attorney for the government requests the search of the following person or property located in the EASTERN District of CALIFORNIA.
(Identify the person or describe the property to be searched and give its location.)
SEE ATTACHMENT A ATTACHED HERETO AND INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The person or property to be searched, described above, is believed to conceal (Identify the person or describe the property to be searched.)
SEE ATTACHMENT B, ATTACHED HERETO AND INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

I find that the affidavit(s), or any recorded testimony, establish probable cause to search and seize the person or property.

YOU ARE COMMANDED to execute this warrant on or before 5-9-2011
(Date for which 14 days must be established.)
 in the daytime 6:00 a.m. to 10 p.m. at any time in the day or night as I find reasonable cause has been established.

Unless delayed notice is authorized below, you must give a copy of the warrant and a receipt for the property taken to the person from whom, or from whose premises, the property was taken, or leave the copy and receipt at the place where the property was taken.

The officer executing this warrant, or an officer present during the execution of the warrant, must prepare an inventory as required by law and promptly return this warrant and inventory to United States Magistrate Judge _____ (Name)

I find that immediate notification may have an adverse result listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2705 (except for delay of trial), and authorize the officer executing this warrant to delay notice to the person who, or whose property, will be searched or seized (check the appropriate box) For _____ days (not to exceed 30).
Until, the facts justifying the later specific date of _____

Date and time issued: 4-25-2011
at 10:40 AM

City and state: SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA EDMUND F. BRENNAN, U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE
(Signature and title)

Is this the right address?

Is it still current?

Note: only the person, property, & areas specified may be searched

Is it actually signed by a judge?

IF THE ANSWER TO ALL OF THESE IS YES, THEN IT IS LIKELY A VALID JUDICIAL WARRANT



DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY
U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement
WARRANT OF REMOVAL/DEPORTATION

File No: _____
Date: _____

To any immigration officer of the United States Department of Homeland Security:

_____ (Full name of alien)
who entered the United States at _____ (Place of entry) on _____ (Date of entry)

subject to removal/deportation from the United States based upon a final order by:

an immigration judge in exclusion, deportation, or removal proceedings
 a designated official
 the Board of Immigration Appeals
 a United States District or Magistrate Court Judge

and pursuant to the following provisions of the Immigration and Nationality Act:

I, the undersigned officer of the United States, by virtue of the power and authority vested in the Secretary of Homeland Security under the laws of the United States and by law or her direction, command you to take into custody and remove from the United States the above-named alien, pursuant to law, at the expense of _____

(Signature of immigration officer)
(Title of immigration officer)

THESE ARE VISUAL CUES THAT THIS IS AN IMMIGRATION WARRANT

Credit: National Immigration Law Center

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Warrant for Arrest of Alien

File No. _____
Date: _____

To: Any immigration officer authorized pursuant to sections 236 and 237 of the Immigration and Nationality Act and part 237 of title 8, Code of Federal Regulations, to serve warrants of arrest for immigration violations

I have determined that there is probable cause to believe that _____ is removable from the United States. This determination is based upon:

- the execution of a charging document to initiate removal proceedings against the subject;
- the pendency of ongoing removal proceedings against the subject;
- the failure to establish admissibility subsequent to deferred inspection;
- biometric confirmation of the subject's identity and a records check of federal databases that affirmatively indicate, by themselves or in combination, that the subject either lacks immigration status or is removable under U.S. immigration law; and/or
- statements made voluntarily by the subject to a reliable evidence that affirmatively indicate the status notwithstanding such status is removable under U.S. immigration law.

YOU ARE COMMANDED to arrest and take into custody the above-named alien pursuant to the Immigration and Nationality Act, the above-named alien

ICE Administrative Arrest Warrant

Not signed by a judge

Signed by a judge

Certificate of Service

I hereby certify that the Warrant for Arrest of Alien was served by me at _____ (Location)
on _____ (Name of Alien) on _____ (Date of Service) and the contents of this notice were read to him or her in the _____ (Language) language.

Name and Signature of Officer _____
Name or Number of Interpreter (if applicable) _____

This is a judicial search warrant. It DOES authorize agents to enter your home.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT - Issued by a COURT

AO 93 (Rev. 12/09) Search and Seizure Warrant

Judicial Warrant

In the Matter of the Search of _____
(Briefly describe the property to be searched or identify the person by name and address)

540 Oak Avenue
Davis, California 95616

SEARCH AND SEIZURE WARRANT

To: Any authorized law enforcement officer **2:11-SW-0161EFB**

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(Identify the person or describe the property to be searched and give its location.)
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Date and time issued: 4-25-2011
at 10:40 AM

City and state: SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA EDMUND F. BRENNAN, U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE
(Signature and title)