Natural Language Processing and Text Analytics for Earthquake Reconnaissance

PEER Transportation Systems Research Program

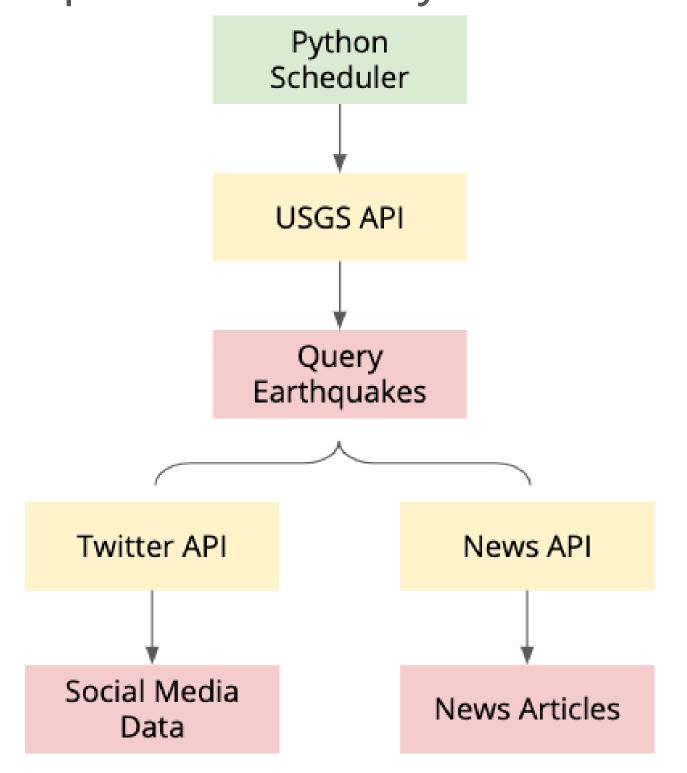
Principal Investigator: Laurent El Ghaoui & Khalid M. Mosalam, UC Berkeley

Other Investigators: Alicia Tsai, Selim Günay, Chenglong Li, Jing Lian & Minjune Hwang, UC Berkeley

EECS & CEE Departments, University of California, Berkeley

Automatic Data Collection

- Collect daily social media and news data for any earthquake that has magnitude ≥ 5 and USGS
 PAGER alert level in yellow, orange or red.
- Data and scripts are currently hosted at PEER server.



Automatic Summarization

- Generate summary from news articles for earthquake briefing and report.
- Provide a fast reference for researchers interested in field work by reducing report preparation time.
- Earthquake briefings and reports that used automatic summarization recently: *Albania Mw 6.4*, *Philippines Mw 6.8* and *Puerto Rico Mw 5.8 & 6.4*.

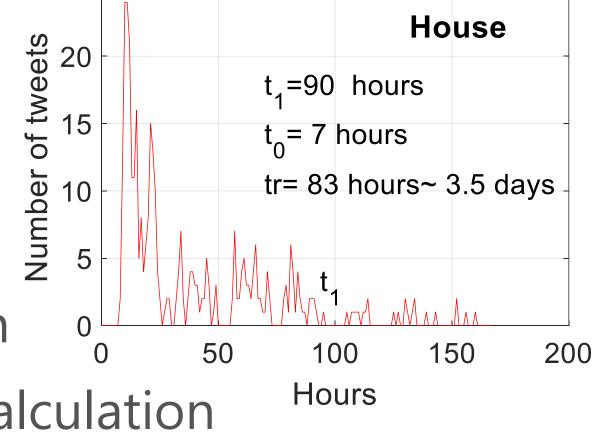
Text Analytics in Social Media

- Resilience analysis: Analyze frequencies of keywords in social media to fit a proposed mathematical model.

 Second Proposed to the proposed
- Future work: integrate

 summarization & text analytics with

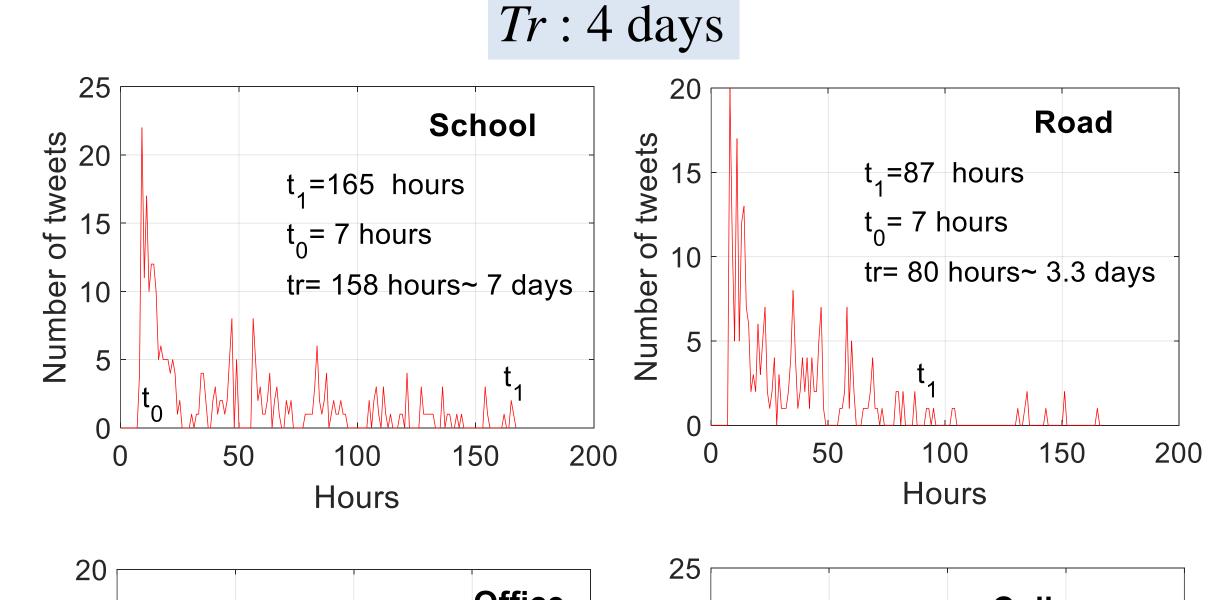
 automatic data collection & MMI calculation

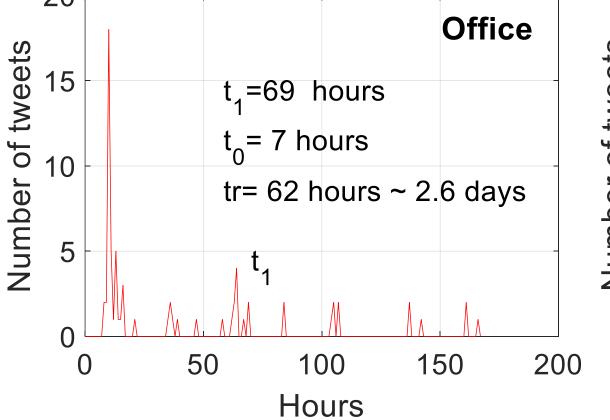


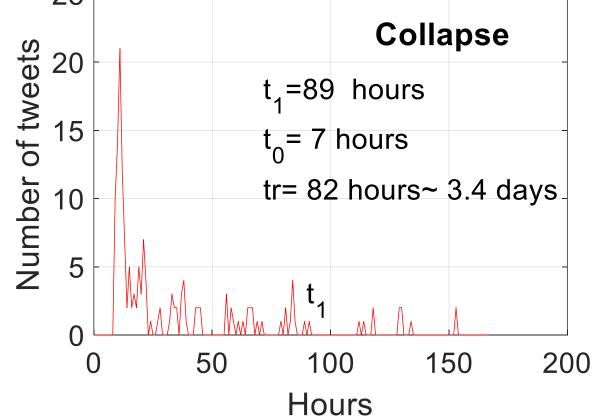
- Recovery Time Computations for 2013 Lushan, China Earthquake: A Case Study [Data Source: Weibo 67]
- Determine factors related to recovery and assign weights to them (schools: 20%, roads: 20%, houses: 20%, offices: 20%, collapse: 20%).
- Determine the variation of the number of tweets related to these factors with time.
- Determine the recovery time (tr) for each factor from the frequency (f) plots, where $tr = t_1 t_0$, t_0 is the earthquake occurrence time, and t_1 is the time when the number of tweets fall below a certain threshold (e.g. 15% of f_{max}) and become steady.
- Determine the resulting recovery time as weighted average of the recovery time from each factor.

$$Tr = \sum_{i=1}^{N} tr_i w_i$$

Tr: recovery time
N: number of considered factors
tr_i: recovery time for factor i
w_i: weight for factor i







This project was made possible with support from: