### **Report in Brief**

Date: February 2018 Report No. A-04-17-02004

# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

#### Why OIG Did This Review

The Consolidated and Further
Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015
(P.L. No. 113-235), provided
\$2.7 billion in emergency funding to
the Department of Health and Human
Services for Ebola response and
preparedness activities. The Act
designated about \$1.8 billion of this
amount to the Centers for Disease
Control and Prevention (CDC). Of this
amount, \$597 million was to be used
through FY 2019 to implement the
Global Health Security Agenda
(GHSA).

The United States pledged assistance to 31 selected GHSA countries (Presidential Executive Order 13747, dated November 4, 2016).
CDC awards GHSA grants to both foreign and U.S.-based organizations working abroad in GHSA countries. In 2015 and 2016, CDC awarded approximately 45 percent of all GHSA grant funds to U.S.-based organizations. We selected the Association for Public Health Laboratories (APHL) for review on the basis of the substantial award it received from CDC.

Our objective was to determine whether APHL managed its GHSA award and expended funds in accordance with Federal requirements.

#### **How OIG Did This Review**

Our audit covered the budget period from July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2016. We reviewed documentation supporting the award, to include all progress and financial reports.

## The Association for Public Health Laboratories Managed Global Health Security Agenda Funds in Accordance With Federal Requirements

#### What OIG Found

APHL managed GHSA funds in accordance with Federal requirements. However, we could not test GHSA expenditures at APHL because of the nature of the award. CDC awarded GHSA funding to APHL as a supplement to an existing grant. APHL received a sole-source supplemental award from CDC for GHSA funds based upon its expertise in the public health laboratory arena, both domestically and internationally. APHL's existing grant with CDC focused on global health work. Therefore, when GHSA funding became available, CDC used the existing grant to fund APHL.

Because the GHSA funds were a supplement to an existing award, APHL was not legally required to report its progress on GHSA activities separately from the existing grant. However, APHL identified accomplishments and challenges specifically related to its GHSA activities.

#### What OIG Recommends

We are making no recommendations.