



Republic of the Philippines  
**House of Representatives**  
Quezon City, Metro Manila

**TWENTIETH CONGRESS**  
First Regular Session

**HOUSE BILL NO. 5094**



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Introduced by **REPRESENTATIVE CHEENO MIGUEL D. ALMARIO**

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#### **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

Renewable energy, as opposed to non-renewable energy sources, can be collected from natural resources and is replenished naturally. For example, solar energy is one of the most viable and cleanest ways to produce energy. Solar energy converts sunlight into electricity. This is most commonly done through photovoltaics or solar panels.

Article II, Section 16 of the Philippine Constitution provides that "the State shall protect and advance the right of the people to a balanced and healthful ecology in accord with the rhythm and harmony of nature." In connection to this bill seeks to utilize renewable energy to generate electricity and/ or thermal energy in order to preserve a balanced ecology.

Renewable energy is a renewable, inexhaustible, and affordable form of energy. That can help to reduce the cost of electricity, contribute to a resilient electrical grid, create jobs and spur economic growth, generate backup power for nighttime and outages when paired with storage, and operate at similar efficiency on both small and large scales.

Renewable energy has an important role in reducing greenhouse gas emissions and mitigating climate change, which is critical to protecting humans, wildlife, and ecosystems. It can also improve air quality and reduce water use from energy production.

By utilizing renewable energy, our country will be able to preserve non-renewable energy sources and leave some for future generations. In this way, we will be able to meet our present needs without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their needs. And we will be able to lessen pollution that damages our natural environment and that leads to global warming.

It is only for this reason that the approval of this bill is being sought.

  
**CHEENO MIGUEL D. ALMARIO**  
Representative  
2<sup>nd</sup> District, Davao Oriental



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AN ACT  
MANDATING GOVERNMENT OFFICES AND/OR ESTABLISHMENT TO  
ALLOT AT LEAST FIFTEEN PERCENT (15%) OF THEIR ENERGY  
REQUIREMENTS TO RENEWABLE ENERGY

*Be enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:*

**Section 1.** Short Title. This Act shall be known as the Renewable Energy Act of 2025.

**Section 2.** Renewable Energy Defined. The United Nations defines “renewable energy” as energy derived from natural sources that are replenished at a higher rate than they are consumed. Sunlight and wind, for example, are such sources that are constantly being replenished.

**Section 3.** Coverage. This Act shall cover all government departments and their attached agencies and offices including government-owned and controlled corporations and local government units in the Philippines.

**Section 4.** Renewable Energy Requirements. Government offices and government-owned establishments shall utilize renewable energy for at least fifteen percent (15%) of their electricity and/or thermal energy requirements/consumptions in their day-to-day operations.

**Section 5.** Utilization of Renewable Energy Source. The government departments, offices, and establishments covered by this Act shall seek to install or utilize devices which will allow them to meet the requirements of this Act.

**Section 6. Period to Comply.** The offices and establishments covered by this Act must, within two (2) years from the effectivity of this Act, comply with the requirements set forth hereto.

**Section 7. Implementing Rules and Regulations.** The Department of Energy in coordination with the Department of Interior and Local Government shall promulgate the Implementing Rules and Regulations to carry out the provisions of this Act. Such rules and regulations shall take effect upon their publication in three (3) newspapers of general circulation.

**Section 8. Repealing Clause.** – All laws, presidential decrees, letters of instructions, executive orders, rules and regulations insofar as they are inconsistent with this Act, are hereby repealed or amended as the case may be.

**Section 9. Separability Clause.** – In the event that any provision of this Act or any portion thereof is declared unconstitutional by a competent court, the other provisions shall not be affected thereby and shall remain valid and enforceable.

**Section 10. Effectivity Clause.** – This Act shall take effect after its complete publication in at least three (3) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,